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# STUDY OF PHYSICO-CHEMICAL CARACTERSTICS IN RIVER GANGA AT BHAIRAV GHAT AND JAJAMAU BRIDGE IN 2013-14 IN KANPUR IN

**UTTAR PRADESH** 

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#### **ABSTRACT**

Water samples from river Ganga at Bhairav Ghat and Jajamau Bridge in Kanpur in Uttar Pradesh were collected and phyco-chemical parameters were determined using standard analytical procedure in Jul.2013 to Jun.2014.pH (7.4-9.5), chloride and phosphate contents of water samples were determined 10-25 mg/l and 0.07-0.15 ppm respectively. Total hardness 94.7-168.8 mg/l, fluoride level also 6.0-6.3 mg/l, DO of samples were 3.1-7.0 mg/l, BOD were 2.0-15.0 mg/l and COD were 12.0-66.5 mg/l. These results were said to their agreed with the limits set by World Health Orgnization (WHO) for drinking water.

Keywords: Pollution status, WHO, Drinking water.

## I. INTRODUCTION

Water the most essential requisites that nature has provided to sustain life on earth. About 80% earth surface is covered by water. The deteriorate quality of water create various problems for mankind. The growth in population, about 90% of which occur in uebon area, increases the demand for water for domestic and industrial uses. Water pollution from domestic and human waste is the main cause for human being water born desease. The industrial water pollution is due to inadequate measure adopted in the industry for the abatement of pollution. It is need of time to protect environment for present and future generations. The purpose of study into prepares qualitative assessment of abiotic and biotic conditions prevailing in river Ganga.

## II. MATERIAL AND METHOD

The Kanpur on National Highway no.1 and 2 falls on Broad Gauge NR Railway line between Delhi and Kolkata.

Water samples were collected in clean polythene bags and subjected to chemical analysis for measurement of different parameters such as temperature, pH,DO,BOD,COD, fluoride, chloride, phosphate ,hardness and total dissolved by standered analytical methods in Jan. to Dec.2013.

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#### III. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The values of different parameter with respect to sampling stations (Jajamau Bridge and Bhairav Ghat) are given in Table-1 and Table-2. The transparency values of samles were 20.0-55.0 cm. Maximum value is 55.0 in Jun.2014 at Jajamau Bridge while minimum value is 20.0 in Jan.2014 at Bhairav Ghat. The temperature of water was 16.3-36.6°C. Maximum value is 36.6 in Jun.2014 at Jajamau Bridge while miminum is 16.3 in Jan.2013 at Jajamau Bridge. The WHO (1992) did not recommend any definite temperature for drinking water. The pH value were 7.4-9.5. Maximum value is 9.5 in Nov.2013 at Jajamau Bridge while minimum value is 7.4 in May,2014 at Bhairay Ghat.

Total dissolved were 134-139 mg/l. Maximum value is 139 mg/l in Jul. and Aug.2013 at Jajamau Bridge as well as in Aug.2013 at Bhairav Ghat while minimum value is 134 mg/l in Mar.2014 at Bhairav Ghat, which are under limits. The total hardness of water were 94.7-168.8 mg/l. The maximum value is 168.8 in Jun.2814 at Jajamau Bridge while minimum value is 94.7 in Oct.2013 at Bhairav ghat. The levels of hardness are below the level (300 mg/l) as laid down by Indian standard and thus water is soft. Fluoride level were 6.0-6.3 mg/l. The maximum value is 6.3 in Jul.2013 at Jajamau Bridge & Bhairav Ghat while minimum value is 6.0 in Feb.2014 at Bhairav Ghat, which are low. The chloride contents were 10-25mg/l. The maximum value is 25 mg/l in May, 2014 at Jajamau Bridge while minimum value is 10 mg/l in Aug. & Sept. 2013 at bhairav Ghat, which is below the prescribed limit (250 mg/l). The COD value were 12.0-66.5 mg/l. The maximum value is 66.5 mg/l in Oct.2013 at Jajamau Bridge while minimum value is 12 mg/l in Jul. & Aug.2013 at Bhairav Ghat.

The DO values were 3.1-7.0 mg/l. The maximum value is 7.0 in Jan. & Feb.2014 at Bhairav Ghat while minimum value is 3.1 in Jun.2014 at Jajamau Bridge, which are permissible. The BOD values were 2.0-15.0 mg/l.The maximum value is 15.0 in May & June, 2014 at Jajamau Bridge while minimum value is 2.0 in Jul. & Aug.2013 at Bhairav Ghat.

Table-1 Physico-Chemical Characterstics in River Ganga at Jajamau Bridge, Kanpur

Month	Temp.	Transp	pН	DO	BOD	COD	Chloride(	Phospha	Total	TDS(m	Fluoride
	(°C)	(cm)		(mg/l)	(mg/l)	(mg/l)	ppm)	te	hardnes	g/l)	(mg/l)
								(mg/l)	s (mg/l)		
Jul.2013	28.6	26.0	9.4	3.5	13.0	55.5	15.0	0.09	98.4	139	6.3
Aug.2013	23.2	22.0	9.3	3.9	13.0	55.5	14.0	0.08	99.4	139	6.2
Sep.2013	24.7	26.0	8.6	4.2	13.0	60.0	16.0	0.07	98.2	138	6.1
Oct.2013	18.6	29.5	8.2	4.8	14.0	66.5	19.0	0.09	102.4	136	6.1
Nov.2013	18.3	36.0	9.5	5.1	12.0	60.1	21.0	0.12	114.2	136	6.2
Dec.2013	18.2	50.0	9.4	5.1	12.0	60.0	22.0	0.13	115.1	137	6.1
Jan.2014	16.3	55.0	9.4	5.2	12.5	60.5	20.0	0.14	115.4	136	6.1
Feb.2014	18.3	51.0	9.5	5.1	12.5	60.5	21.0	0.10	116.3	135	6.1
Mar.2014	22.8	37.0	8.9	4.1	14.0	65.0	23,0	0.11	150.4	136	6.2
Apr.2014	31.5	36.0	8.5	3.8	14.0	66.5	24.0	0.08	155.5	135	6.1
May2014	35.3	29.5	8.7	3.4	15.5	65.5	25.0	0.14	160.5	136	6.2
Jun.2014	36.6	21.5	8.6	3.1	15.5	60.5	22.0	0.09	168.8	135	6.1

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Table-2 Physico-Chemical Characterstics in River Ganga at Bhairav Ghat, Kanpu

Month	Temp	Transp.	pН	DO	BOD	COD	Chlorid	Phospha	Total	TDS	Floride
		( cm)		(mg/l)	(mg/l)	(mg/l)	e (ppm)	te	hard	(mg/l)	(mg/l)
	(°C)							(mg/l)	ness		
									(mg/l)		
Jul.2013	28.4	37.0	7.6	5.4	2.0	12	11	0.15	97.4	137	6.3
Aug.2013	23.9	21.0	7.9	5.9	2.0	12	10	0.15	97.5	139	6.2
Sep.2013	24.8	26.0	7.8	6.2	3.5	28	10	0.14	99.6	138	6.1
Oct.2013	18.1	27.0	8.2	6.8	3.5	29	11	0.13	94.7	135	6.1
Nov.2013	18.8	37.5	8.4	6.7	2.5	28	14	0.12	95.8	136	6.2
Dec.2013	18.2	49.5	8.1	6.9	2.5	36	15	0.12	95.9	137	6.1
Jan.2014	16.5	52.0	8.2	7.0	3.0	36	15	0.11	114.1	136	6.1
Feb.2014	18.1	20.0	8.1	7.0	3.0	36	16	0.12	108.5	135	6.0
Mar.2014	22.2	38.0	7.8	6.4	4.0	29	14	0.11	131.4	134	6.1
Apr.2014	31.2	36.0	7.6	5.2	5.5	28	12	0.13	138.4	135	6.1
May,2014	35.4	29.0	7.4	4.3	5.5	39	13	0.14	140.5	136	6.2
Jun.2014	36.4	22.5	7.7	4.2	5.5	18	14	0.12	161.6	135	6.1

#### IV. CONCLUSION

It is need of time to protect environment for present and future generation. The purpose of study is to prepare qualitative assessment of biotic and abiotic conditions prevailing in river Ganga.

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