

EMPIRICAL IMPLEMENTATION DECISION TREE CLASSIFIER TO WSD PROBLEM

Boshra F. Zopon Al_Bayaty¹, Dr. Shashank Joshi²

¹*Department Of Computer Science, Yashwantrao Mohite College, Bharati Vidyapeeth University
AL-Mustansiriyah University, Baghdad, (Iraq)*

²*Department Of Computer Engineering, Engineering College, Bharati Vidyapeeth University, (India)*

ABSTRACT

We have applied on of most successful supervised learning approach to word sense disambiguation. We select the popular algorithm called decision tree. Empirically, we used senseval-3 to evaluation the word sense disambiguation in training and test data. We designed the experiment to fined the accuracy of decision tree, in this paper our study achieved (45.14 %) accuracy.

Keyword: Decision Tree, Naïve Bayes, Supervised Learning Approaches, WSD, Wordnet

I. INTRODUCTION

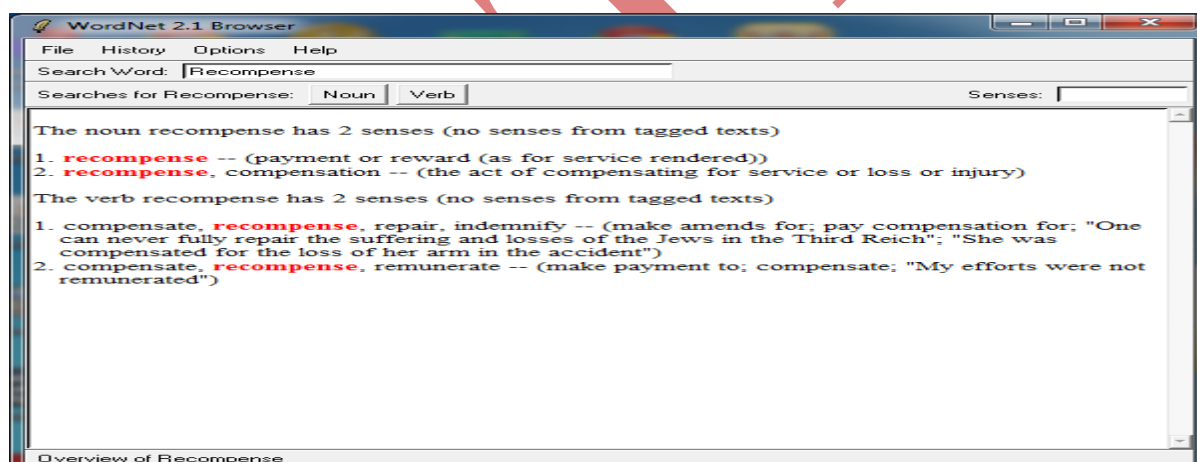


Fig. 1: The Screenshot Shows the Multiple of Recompense Word

There are many words have multiple meaning according to the context of speech. For example the word (Recompense) has different meaning in context, as in screenshot below:

Decision tree is one of prominent method to address sense disambiguation. In this approach meaning of word are mapped with leafs of tree. One with high value (accuracy) is considered and other leafs are rejected. This process requires calculation of “entropy”, which provides base for the meaning or sense to be accepted or rejected. We applied the Entropy calculation and information Gain as in formulas below:

- $Entropy(S) = -P+ \log_2 P+ - P- \log_2 P-$
- $Gain(S,A) = Entropy(S) - \sum_{v \in DA} \frac{|S_v|}{|S|} Entropy(S_v)$

II. ADVANTAGES and DISADVANTAGES of DECISION TREE

2.1 Advantages

1. Efficient technique to mine a data by efficiently classifying values as per the attributes of.
2. Robust approach to filter exact data if size of value tree is small.
3. Non linear structure helps to reduce the required for traversal.

2.2 Disadvantages

1. Data is classified or mined at the cost of over fitting.
2. Maintenance of data becomes difficult, in case more number of sub-trees.

III. ALGORITHM APPLIED IN THIS WORK

For implementing WordNet data source is used this is repository which provides the mapping of word and different sense associated with that word. For performing on experiment we referred a data set 10 nouns and 5 verbs which contains following words:

Data set of pos (n) = {Praise, Name, Lord, Worlds, Owner, Recompense, Straight, Path, Anger, Day}.

Data set of pos (v) = {Worship, Rely, Guide, Favored, Help}.

To use WordNet repository senseval XML mapping technique is used, where the given data set and senses are expressed with XML. And to ensure effective working of decision tree training and testing file is used. Job of file is to provide the context which will be extremely useful exactly know meaning of particular word. For implementing C4.5 algorithm eclipse ID2, is used, while implementing it equations related with entropy are implemented. Below the algorithm we applied:

Box (1) C4.5 Algorithm implemented

1. Read data set and calculation POS (e.g. recompense.)
2. Prepare context containing various senses of word (e.g. Recompense- reward)
3. Calculate frequency at context (i.e. - p- and +P+)
-P- Negative
-P+ Positive
4. Calculate information gain for calculating entropy (S) = $-P+\log_2 P+ -P-\log_2 P-$
5. $\text{Gain}(S,A) = \text{Entropy}(S) - \sum_{v \in DA} \frac{|S_v|}{|S|} \text{Entropy}(S_v)$
6. Select highest (Entropy, Attribute ratio)
7. E.g. (S,A) for recompense = 0.593
For = reward

IV. RESULT

From the results that we acquired by implementing decision tree by using C4.5 algorithm, we can derive conclusion that this algorithm is useful in extracting meaning or sense of few words like {worlds-1000, name-1000, praise-593, owner-595, recompense-595}. But simultaneously there are some words for which this algorithm fail shoot by providing low accuracy, for example, {help-125, day-109}. As summary this is very

helpful approach solve disambiguation. The results for our dataset shown in table (1) and Fig. 2 belwo shows the Screenshot Shows Taraining and Compilation Model

Table (1) Data Set of Words and Results of Decision Tree Classifier

Word	POS	# Senses	Score	Accuracy
Praise	n	2	405	593
Name	n	6	184	1000
Worship	v	3	308	425
Worlds	n	8	1000	1000
Lord	n	3	187	426
Owner	n	2	405	595
Recompense	n	2	405	595
Trust	v	6	167	167
Guide	v	5	199	247
Straight	n	3	462	462
Path	n	4	316	316
anger	n	3	462	462
Day	n	10	109	109
Favored	v	4	250	250
Help	v	8	125	125

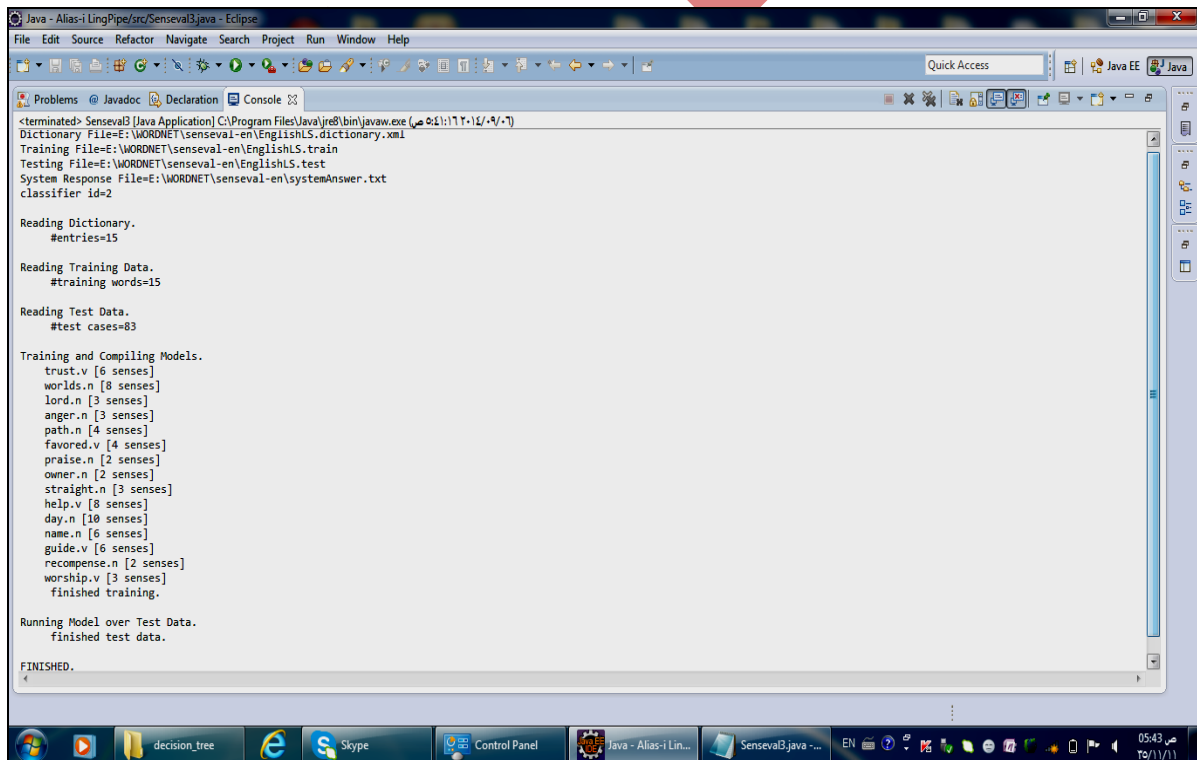


Fig. 2: The Screenshot Shows Training and compilation Model

V. CONCLUSIONS

By looking at the results that we came across there are few words which are providing accurate results. Overall accuracy of this approach is (45.14%), so there is definitely scope for modifying the accuracy of this approach.

VI. ACKNOWLEDGMENT

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